

# Golden Thread Map: Diversity

Diversity is woven through the history & geography curriculum so that pupils encounter them in multiple novel contexts on their journey towards a deep and meaningful understanding.

EY	A deliberate balance of windows and mirrors are considered with the following choices: book of the week, the knowledge and understanding of the world curriculum, topics. The displays and the learning environment normalise diverse representations and reflect our children's cultures.					
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Y1	Know that there are many cultures that live together in our school community	Some toys from the past may be different depending on a family's culture or home country		The UK, the local area and our school is full of diversity and people from other parts of the world with different cultures	Wangari Maathai was the first African-American woman to win the Nobel Peace Prize for her work towards peace and sustainability	
Y2	Know that the UK is full of diverse, interesting people and cultures	In the 1600s, Protestants and Catholics were groups of people that had different religious views and disagreed a lot	Know that people adapt to living in extremely hot or cold places, eat different foods and enjoy different cultures	Ibn Battuta was a significant medieval Muslim explorer and author of one of the most famous travel books, 'The Rihlah'	Bio-diversity of plants and animals in forests is precious and should be protected	The suffragettes fought for women's right to vote.  Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole and Emmeline Pankhurst were all significant women in history
Y3	Bio-diversity is the variety of life in a given region, in this case coral reefs	Mae Jemison and Amelia Earhart were female pioneers who made significant contributions to exploration  Mae Jemison was the first woman of colour to go to space		Queen Boudicca was a fearsome, brave warrior queen		Women had control over most of their property, could serve as legal persons who brought cases to the court, and worked in public.
Y4	Geography determines how different societies and cultures live with a focus on how the Inuit survive in Greenland	In Ancient Greece, women had few rights in comparison to male citizens. Unable to vote, own land, a woman's place was in the home	People face challenges in less developed countries  Fair Trade is vital to meet the needs of people in poorer regions	Roman Britain was an ethnically diverse place; full of people from across the Roman Empire		During Anglo-Saxon rule, Britain was made up of different Germanic tribes who migrated to the country
Y5		Contrary to popular belief, the Vikings were a diverse society as a result of trade routes  Women looked after the household and farms while the men explored new lands	50 years ago, the majority of people in the Arabian desert were nomads – now only 5% are		World changing inventions and discoveries took place in Baghdad during the Golden Age of Islam	
Y6		Study the significant actions of the Maharaja of Nawanager to protect Polish refugees  The Gurkhas fought alongside the British during WW2  Daily life on the home-front for British women and how their roles in society changed	People from West-Africa were used as slaves between the 1500s and the 1800s  Eric Irons and George Africanus had a significant impact on local history	People in lesser developed countries are impacted more severely by climate change, yet contribute the least to carbon emissions	Migrants from the Caribbean and elsewhere have made significant contributions to British society and culture	The population of the UK is made up of a diverse range of cultures and ethnicities